

# Making Ends Meet: The Experience and Consequences of Student Loans among UC San Diego Undergraduates

Madeline Alford, Jackie Aviles, Derrick Cha, Lindsey Ruiz, McKayla Sarmiento, and Nancy Binkin, MD, MPH

B.S. Public Health Honors Practicum | University of California San Diego | Herbert Wertheim School of Public Health and Human Longevity Science

## **Background**

- UCSD's estimated cost of attendance for 2025 is \$45K for instate and \$83K for out-of-state students, representing a greater than 20% increase over the past 5 years
- Students are concerned about being able to pay their expenses, but also worried about taking on debt
- Survey conducted in 2025 to evaluate:
  - Loan attitudes and practices
  - Loan offers and acceptance rates
  - Anticipated debt and concerns about its impact
  - Extent to which loans alleviate financial insecurity

## Methods

- Qualtrics survey distributed to undergraduate public health and economics students at UCSD
- Response rate = 80% (774/968)
- EpiInfo 7.2.6 used to calculate frequencies, prevalence rate ratios, and p-values to determine the associations between student behaviors, resources, and financial gaps

### Results

- 57% of students received a financial aid package
- 35% were offered Federal loans; 74% accepted
- Students with loans were 1.3 times more likely to face financial difficulties than students receiving scholarships, grants, and work-study (53% v. 41%; PRR=1.3; p < 0.01)
- 40% of students with loans expect to have a loan debt balance exceeding \$20,000 by graduation
- Most students with loans have concerns about how their accumulated student debt will impact their futures

### **Conclusions**

- Students rely on loans, but many are concerned about how debt may impact their futures
- Students receiving loans are more likely to be financially insecure than those receiving other forms of financial aid
- Effective aid and resources for debt repayment and financial planning is needed to accommodate students' needs
- A financial wellness program should be implemented to help students maximize use of available funds and provide a safety net for the cost of education

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